



Pathways

Alexander Gamble Henry Scott-Green Iustin Sibiescu

Access via: https://mighty-castle-7537.herokuapp.com/





The Problem

What does Pathways solve?

Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust



- Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS trust is world-famous for cutting-edge research and innovation
- 1st Trust Value: Put patients first
- 1st Trust Pledge: Improve patient involvement in the decision making process

Source: Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS Trust

The Problem Information Delivery



- Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS Trust identified a weakness in information delivery
- Critical treatment, symptom and nutritional information was delivered via paper handouts
- Information was lost and patients were confused
- The solution? UCL Computer Scientists!





Research

What do patients want?

Trust Research

Respondents to application survey



	<u>Patient</u>	<u>Relative</u>	
Would you like an app:			
Would you prefer a website:			

Conclusion: Half of trust patients and 75% of relatives want a mobile app or website

Source: Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS Trust Internal Research

Platform Research Clinic visit



<u>Response</u>

Do you own a smartphone?

If yes, is it iOS or Android?

Do you have access to a laptop?



Conclusion: Smartphone ownership is mixed, laptop access is commonplace

Source: Development Team Clinic Visit; GSTT Research

Research Conclusions

What do patients want?



Patients want:

- A replacement for paper handouts
- A product accessible to everyone with no technical requirements
- A product that is easy to use, even with minimal experience of technology

Source: Development Team Clinic Visit; GSTT Research





Objectives

What were our priorities building Pathways?

Requirements

Pathways must...



- Help patients make informed treatment decisions
- Introduce no risk of data security issues
- Contain customisable information for every patient
- Place no financial strain upon patients
- Allow patients to view all treatment information ever assigned
- Allow professionals to add and edit information at any time
- Reduce patient stress
- Remove the need for inefficient paper based systems
- Offer logs of every action taken for accountability

Source: Interviews with the Guy's and St. Thomas' clinical teams





The Solution

What is Pathways?





Welcome to your hub, Henry Scott-Green

Access your treatment information via the buttons below.

Information

Radiotherapy

Investigations and Procedures

Surgery

Trials

Systematic Anti-Cancer
Therapy





Home / Category: Information

Stomach Cancer

⊞ Types of stomach cancer

⊞ The stomach

12/01/2015

06/04/2015

28/04/2015

Approximately 28/05/2015

Approximately 11/08/2015

Patient Pathways - by the Guy's and St. Thomas' Hospital Trust.

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Home / Category: Information

Stomach Cancer

⊞ Types of stomach cancer

Around 7,300 people are diagnosed with stomach cancer in the UK each year. There are different types but this section is about adenocarcinoma, which is the most common type and accounts for 95% of all stomach cancers.

Adenocarcinoma starts in the glandular cells of the stomach lining.

Less common cancers that can start in the stomach include:

- soft tissue sarcomas, including gastrointestinal stromal tumours (GISTs)
- lymphomas, such as mucosa associated lymphoid tissue (MALT) lymphomas
- carcinoid tumours.

The tests and treatments for these cancers are different from the ones covered in this section.

⊕ The stomach

12/01/2015

06/04/2015

28/04/2015

Approximately 28/05/2015

Approximately 11/08/2015



Create new state



Edit Patient



Recently changed patients

Jon Dwight 29170031

Alexander Gamble 48204853

lustin Sibiescu 92003142

John Smith 3582813924

Paul Keat 92832010

Henry Scott-Green 28391870

Alexander Gamble

This is the information Alexander Gamble will see:

Information dated 28/04/2015:

#	Module Name	Category	Subcategory Edit	Delete
1	What is the oesophagus?	Information	Oesophageal Cancer	
2	Types of oesophageal cancer	Information	Oesophageal Cancer	
3	Patient advice	Investigations and Procedures	Comments and concerns	
4	Trials in stomach cancer	Trials	Stomach cancer trials	

Information dated 10/03/2015:

#	Module Name	Category	Subcategory	Edit
1	What is the oesophagus?	Information	Oesophageal Cancer	
_			0 1 10	



lustin Sil	oiescu		
Email			
iustin.sib	oiescu@ucl.co	om	
NHS Numl	ber		
9200314	12		

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PATHWAYS





Hub / Patient: Alexander Gamble / Edit treatment state

Categories

Information	 2
Radiotherapy	 ○
Investigations and Procedures	 1
Surgery	 ○
Trials	 1
Systematic Anti-Cancer Therapy	♂ 0

Subcategories

Stomach Cancer	♂ 0
Oesophageal Cancer	 2

Information Modules

What is the oesophagus?	Preview
Types of oesophageal cancer	Preview
Causes of oesophageal cancer	Preview
Update Treatment State	

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PATHWAYS





Hub / Edit Category: Information / Edit Subcategory: Stomach Cancer / Information Cards

Create a new information module

Types of stomach cancer

Preview Edit Delete

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The stomach

Preview Edit

Delete

The stomach is a stretchy muscular bag, which stores food and helps to break it down (digestion).

The stomach is in the upper left-hand side of the tummy area (abdomen). An adult's stomach is about 10 inches (25 centimetres) long. It can expand to hold about a litre of food.

The upper part of the stomach joins to the gullet (oesophagus). The lower part of the stomach joins to the first part of the small bowel (the duodenum). The pancreas, gall bladder and liver are close to the stomach. They produce juices and enzymes (chemicals) that help us digest food.

After food is chewed and swallowed, it passes down the gullet into the stomach. The stomach churns up food and mixes it with acid and enzymes that help break it down into much smaller pieces. This is so our bodies can absorb the nutrients we need to give us energy and keep us healthy.

Semi-solid food then passes from the stomach into the small bowel. Enzymes from the stomach and pancreas help the small bowel absorb important substances from food, such as vitamin R12, iron and calcium



Editing for Information



Update module

Sans Serif 💠 Normal 💠 🛭 B 📗 🗓 🖰 🖺 🖺 🖺 🗣 🖼

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☑ Upload or fetch images

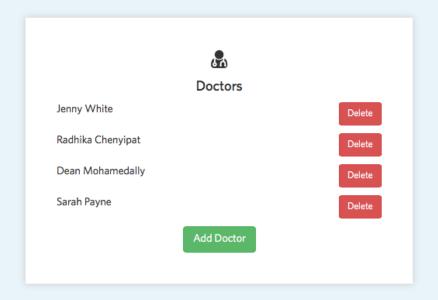
The tests and treatments for these cancers are different from the ones covered in this section.

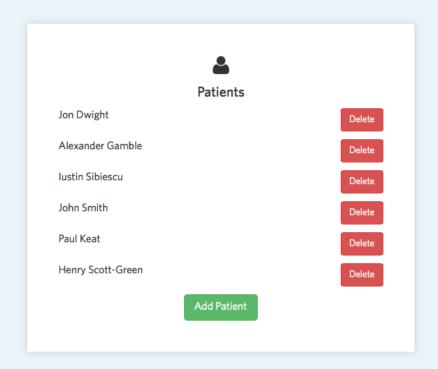




Clinicians

Clinicians at GSTT





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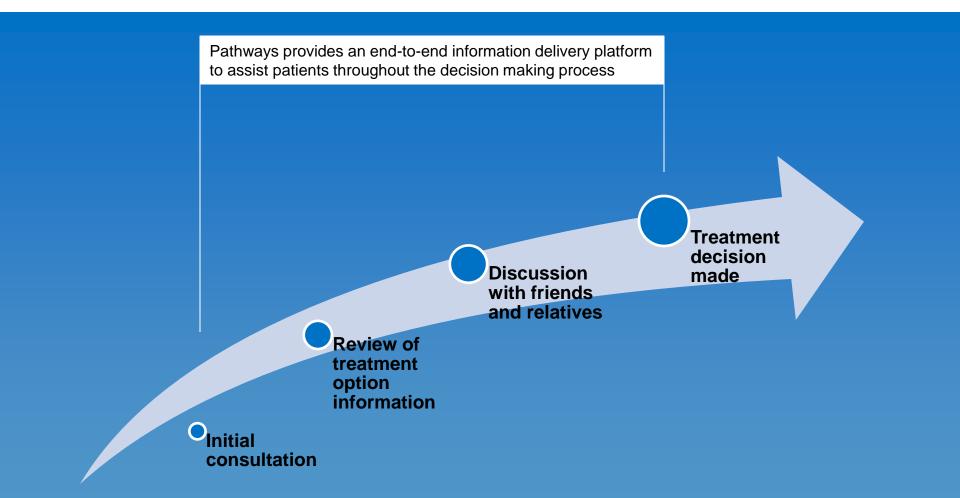
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Decision Making ProcessWhere does Pathways fit?









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Key FeaturesPathways features...



- Personalised treatment information
- Full treatment history
- Device agnostic
- Strict access controls
- Team management
- Live data set
- Action logs for accountability
- Intuitive user interface
- Extensibility via API





Development

How did we make Pathways?

Project Management





Waterfall Management

- Step-by-step progress through deliverables
- Ineffective at handling requirements churn

Agile SCRUM Methodology

- Intensive 3-7 day SPRINT sessions
- Daily progress meetings on Slack
- Co-located team to improve communication

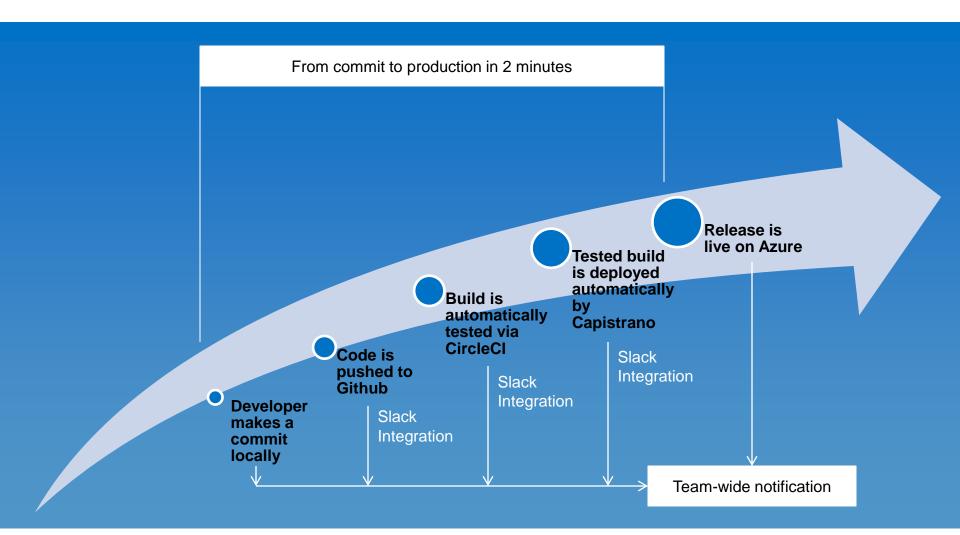
Continuous Integration

- Rapid product iteration
- Efficient identification and resolution of bugs
- Automated testing to validate builds

Tool Chain

Pathways deployment process





Collaboration ToolsCommunication & Development





Github

- Version control
- Internal bug tracker
- 'Git flow' methodology



Axosoft

Client-facing issue tracker

Collaboration Tools

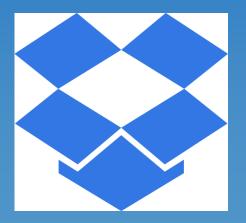
Communication & Development





Slack

- Internal communication
- Standup team meetings
- Git & CircleCI integration



Dropbox

File-sharing between the team

Technology Stack Development Framework



Framework: Ruby on Rails

- Large number of powerful gems to more easily implement features
- Rapid prototyping thanks to semantic syntax
- Excellent community support

Hosting:Microsoft Azure

- NHS data security compliant
- Toolchain integration for automated deployment via Capistrano & CircleCI
- Pay for what you use, cheap for beta tasting, easy to scale

Hosting: Heroku

- Saved the day when Microsoft turned off Azure
- No patient data hosts demonstration only

Libraries

We used...



Rspec + Capybara	Automated testing
Rubocop	Code quality analysis
Faker	Mass data generation for testing
Capistrano	Automated deployment
Paperclip	Image hosting
Bootstrap	Front-end development
Slim HTML	Rapid prototyping
CircleCl	Continuous integration
Jquery	Date section
RailRoady	Automated system diagrams
Devise	Authentication and access management
PG	Gem for interfacing with Postgres database

Testing

How do we know Pathways works?





Automated testing: Rspec + Capybara

```
1 require 'rails_helper'
3 RSpec.describe Patient, type: :model do
                                                                 Test cases
 5
     context 'associations' do
 6
7
      it { should have_one(:pathway) }
 8
      it { should have_many(:treatment_states) }
      it { should have_many(:treatment_modules) }
9
10
                                                  λ kat gstt → λ git master* → rspec
11
                                                  Run options: include {:focus=>true}
12
13 end
                                                   All examples were filtered out; ignoring {:focus=>true}
                                                   Finished in 0.52997 seconds (files took 2.25 seconds to load)
                                                  10 examples, 0 failures
                                                  Top 10 slowest examples (0.02856 seconds, 5.4% of total time):
                                  Results
                                                    the categories view asserts the number of categories is correct
                                                      0.00935 seconds ./spec/features/treatment_module_features_spec.rb:8
                                                    DoctorsController should force you to login
```

User Acceptance Testing Project evaluation





- We provided Pathways access to the trust team for user acceptance testing
- Issues, bugs and feature requests were raised by the clinical team through the client-facing ticket tracker
- Tickets were then tracked in the internal tracker and fixed

User Acceptance Testing





Assigned To

Henry Scott-Green

Henry Scott-Green

Henry Scott-Green

Henry Scott-Green

Henry Scott-Green

Iustin Sibiescu

Alex Gamble

Alex Gamble

Alex Gamble

Alex Gamble

Alex Gamble

Alex Gamble

Justin Sibiescu

lustin Sibiescu

Iustin Sibiescu

Alex Gamble

Alex Gamble

Henry Scott-Green

Henry Scott-Green

Priority

Medium

Medium

Low

Low

High

Low

Medium

High

Low



Status

In Progress

In Progress

Closed

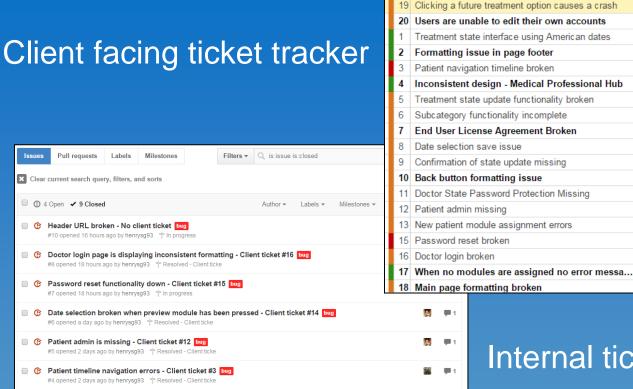
Severity

Bug management

State update confirmation broken - Client ticket #9 bug

■ Team access enforcement is broken - No client ticket bug

#3 opened 2 days ago by henrysg93



Internal ticket tracker

April 2015 UCL CS & NHS | 32

p 1





The Future

Where does Pathways go from here?

ExtensibilityHow can you use Pathways?



- API for 3rd party applications to use the Pathways backend
- Any app or product may send a request to the Pathways API, and if authorised they will receive:
 - Patient names
 - Patient module assignment dates
 - Modules assigned
 - Full content of every module, with formatting preserved

The Future

Pathways 2.0 and beyond...



- Fully forward compatible with teams and database indexing, easy scaling across multiple NHS trusts
- Build upon the powerful backend and API to develop native applications, to allow:
 - Integration with wearable technology, to track data, deliver symptom information and send reminders
 - Analytics for doctors to access during consultations to determine activity levels and symptom tracking

Publishing an academic paper





Summary

Helping patients make better treatment decisions

April 2015 Section 6 of 6 UCL CS & NHS | 36